### **PERSONNEL**

**Personnel - Leave Policies** 

**Sick Leave (6.22.10)** 

#### **PROCEDURE**

Tennessee State University protects all regular fulltime and part-time employees against loss of earnings due to illness, injury or incapacity to work, including illness or incapacity to work due to pregnancy, and to provide time off to employees in the event of serious illness or death of certain family members.

- I. Eligibility to Accrue Sick Leave
- A. Regular fulltime employees and academic personnel, regardless of probationary status, shall be eligible to accrue sick leave.
- B. Regular part-time employees, including academic personnel scheduled to carry less than a full teaching load or its equivalent, regardless of probationary status, shall be eligible to accrue sick leave on a prorated basis equal to the percentage of their employment to fulltime employment.
- C. Temporary employees shall not be eligible to accrue sick leave. Temporary employees who are subsequently appointed as regular employees with no break in service shall become eligible to accrue sick leave and shall receive sick leave balances accrued retroactively from the date of employment.
- D. All fulltime and part-time employees who are employed pursuant to funds available to the University through grants or contracts are not eligible to accrue sick leave unless the grant or contract involved provides sufficient funds to cover the costs of such leave or unless eligibility to accrue sick leave is approved by the President.
- E. Student employees shall not be eligible to accrue sick leave.
- II. Eligibility and Rate for Accrual for Sick Leave
- A. Regular fulltime personnel and fulltime academic personnel, whether employed on a twelvemonth or nine-month service basis, shall accrue sick leave at the rate of 7.5 hours (1 day) for each month of actual service. Under no circumstances may a regular fulltime employee earn more than 90 hours (12 days) of sick leave per year.
- B. Regular part-time personnel and part-time academic personnel, whether employed on a twelvemonth or nine-month service basis, shall accrue sick leave on a prorated basis equal to the percentage of their employment compared to fulltime employment.

- C. Accrued days of sick leave shall be cumulative for all days not used.
- D. Eligible employees shall accrue sick leave from the date of employment. (See Section I. item C, providing for retroactive credit for temporary employees who subsequently become eligible to accrue sick leave.)
- E. Eligible employees earn and accrue sick leave for each month upon completion of service for a major fraction thereof.
- F. MODFY employees who are employed during the period which would normally be the non-duty period of their appointment shall accrue sick leave at the rate of 7.5 hours for each month of fulltime employment. For part-time employment during that period, MODFY employees shall accrue sick leave on a prorated basis in accordance with item B of this section.
- G. Notwithstanding any other provision herein which might be construed to the contrary, regular nine-month academic personnel shall accrue 67.5 hours (9 days) sick leave for fulltime employment for a full academic year and 22.5 hours (3 days) of sick leave for fulltime employment throughout summer sessions.
- H. Employees otherwise eligible to earn sick leave do not earn or accrue sick leave while on leave of absence.

## III. Use of Sick Leave

- A. Sick leave is generally applicable to absences due to illness or injury to an employee, including illness or incapacity to work due to pregnancy, medical examinations and dental appointments.
- B. Where an employee must be absent because of serious illness in the immediate family, sick leave may be granted by the appropriate approving authority. For purposes of this section, "immediate family" shall be deemed to include: (1) spouse; (2) children, stepchildren; (3) parents, stepparents, foster parents and parents-in-law; (4) sibling; and (5) other members of the family who reside within the home of the employee.
- C. In instances of death of a member of the immediate family as defined in TBR Policy No. 5:01:01:09 Bereavement Leave, sick leave may be granted at the discretion of the appropriate approving authority for a maximum of 15 hours (2 days) after the three day bereavement leave has been used. In instances of death of one of the following relatives, sick leave may be granted at the discretion of the appropriate approving authority for a maximum of 22.5 hours (3 days): (1) grandparents; (2) grandchildren; (3) sons- and daughters-in-law; (4) brothers- and sisters-in-law; (5) foster brothers and sisters; and (6) other members of the family who reside within the home.
- D. Sick leave may not be advanced.

E. Sick leave may not be used by nine-month academic personnel for absences due to illness or injury during a summer session unless the employee has been physically present and actually commenced employment for the term in question.

F. Upon prior approval of the Chancellor, an employee who is injured in the line of duty as a result of the commission of an assault upon him or her which disables the employee from performing regular duties, may be retained on the regular payroll for a period not to exceed fourteen days without being required to use any accrued sick leave. The length of time for such retention on the payroll shall be based upon a written statement from the attending physician that the employee is unable to perform regular duties.

# IV. Physician's Statement or other Certification

An employee may be required to present evidence in the form of personal affidavits, physician's certificates or other testimonials in support of the reason for sick leave upon request of the supervisor or an appropriate approving authority. Sick leave may not be denied where an employee furnishes an acceptable statement from a licensed physician or accredited Christian Science practitioner, provided the supervisor or approving authority may require additional documentation or statements from other physicians or accredited practitioners.

## V. Exhaustion of Sick Leave

When the illness, injury or disability of an employee continues beyond the period of accumulated sick leave, the employee shall use any accumulated annual leave for continued absence. However, in cases of worker's compensation, an employee may choose to be placed on leave of absence and retain sick and/or annual leave. When an employee has exhausted all accumulated sick and annual leave, he or she may be placed on leave of absence, if requested and found to be justifiable. (TBR Policy No. 5:01:01:03)

## VI. Separation of Employees with Accrued Sick Leave

Upon termination of employment, accumulated sick leave shall not be used as terminal leave and the employee shall not be entitled to any lump sum payment for accumulated sick leave. If an employee is transferring to another state agency, accumulated sick leave shall be transferred according to Leave Transfer between TBR Institutions and State Agencies. (TBR Policy No. 5:01:01:06)

If an employee leaves the System or any other state service in good standing after having worked on a fulltime continuous basis for at least one full year and thereafter returns to service with the System on a fulltime basis, the employee shall immediately be credited with all sick leave to which entitled at the time of the previous termination. If the employee has had any interim employment with the System or any other agency of the State of Tennessee of less than one year, the employee shall not be disqualified from receiving credit for sick leave to which they are entited because of prior employment with the state.

Notwithstanding the above paragraph, if any state employee or teacher employed by a local

school board in Tennessee leaves the employment of the state or the Board in good standing and becomes a full time state employee within six (6) months of the date of termination, the employee shall immediately be credited with all sick leave to which he or she was entitled at the time of the previous termination.

TCRS member employees who terminate due to retirement shall have all unused accumulated sick leave credited toward retirement.

VII. Death of Employees with Accrued Sick Leave

Effective June 3, 1981, the estate or designated beneficiary of any employee, upon the employee's death, shall be paid for the employee's unused and accrued sick leave in the same manner as the estates of deceased employees are paid for annual leave.

## REFERENCE

Tennessee Board of Regents Policy No. 5:01:01:09;

Policy No. 5:01:01:03 and Policy No. 5:01:01:06